## IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, in this application.

- 1. (original) A microporous and nanoporous polymeric material based on syndiotactic polystyrene in the δ crystalline form with an apparent density of 0.001 0.8 g/cm<sup>3</sup> and a percentage of crystallinity between 5-70%, prepared according to a process comprising: a) preparation of a gel based on syndiotactic homopolymer or copolymers of styrene, at a polymer concentration between 0.1 and 50 wt% in a solvent or a mixture of solvents, one of which being a suitable guest of a syndiotactic polystyrene clathrate phase, wherein the copolymers contain as comonomers CH<sub>2</sub>=CH-R olefins, wherein R is an alkyl-aryl or a substituted-aryl radical with 6-20 carbon atoms and b) removal of the solvent from the gel by liquid or supercritical carbon dioxide extraction process, operating at a pressure between 50 and 350 bar and a temperature between 20 and 70°C.
- 2. (original) The polymeric material according to claim 1, wherein the homopolymer or copolymer concentration in the gel is in the range 0.5 30 wt%.
- 3. (original) The polymeric material according to claim 2, wherein the gel is a physical gel characterized by the absence of chemical cross-links between polymer chains.
- 4. (original) The polymeric material according to claim 2, wherein the gel is a chemical gel characterized by chemical cross-links between polymer chains.
- 5. (original) The polymeric material according to claim 4, wherein said chemical gel is prepared by polymerization comprising an at least bi-functional monomer.
- 6. (original) The polymeric material according to claim 5, wherein the fraction of comonomer units derived from the at least bi-functional monomers used as cross linking agents is between 0.1 and 20 mol%.

- 7. (original) The polymeric material according to claim 6, wherein the fraction of comonomer units derived from the at least bi-functional monomers used as cross-linking agents is below 10 mol%.
- 8. (original) A process for preparing a microporous and nanoporous polymeric material based on syndiotactic polystyrene being in the  $\delta$  crystalline form, said process comprising:
- a) preparation of a gel based on homopolymers or copolymers of syndiotactic polystyrene, at a polymer concentration between 0.1 and 50 wt% in a solvent or a mixture of solvents, at least one of said solvents being a suitable guest of a clathrate phase of syndiotactic polystyrene, wherein the copolymers contain as comonomeric units CH<sub>2</sub>=CH-R olefins, where R is an alkyl-aryl or a substituted-aryl radical with 6-20 carbon atoms and
- b) removal of the solvent from the gel by liquid or supercritical carbon dioxide extraction process, operating at a pressure between 50 and 350 bar and a temperature between 20 and 70°C.
- 9. (original) The process according to claim 8, wherein the homopolymer or copolymer concentration in the gel is in the range 0.5-30 wt%.
- 10. (original) The process according to claim 9, wherein said gel is a physical gel characterized by the absence of chemical cross-links between polymer chains.
- 11. (original) The process according to claim 9, wherein said gel is a chemical gel characterized by chemical cross-links between polymer chains.
- 12. (original) The process according to claim 11, wherein said chemical gel is prepared by polymerization comprising at least bi-functional monomers.

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- 13. (original) The process according to claim 12, wherein the fraction of comonomer units derived from the at least bi-functional monomers used as cross linking agents is between 0.1 and 20 mol%.
- 14. (original) The process according to claim 13, wherein the fraction of comonomer units derived from the at least bi-functional monomers used as cross linking agents is below 10 mol%.
- 15. (original) The process according to claim 8, wherein said gel based on homopolymers or copolymers of syndiotactic polystyrene is prepared in situ through a polymerization reaction comprising styrene which acts both as monomer and solvent of the reaction.
- 16. (original) A process of using a microporous and nanoporous polymeric material as claimed in claim 1, said process comprising: absorbing volatile chemical compounds, alone or when present in a liquid or gaseous mixture, to sorbing elements comprising said polymeric material.
- 17. (original) A device and/or a sensor for detection of organic volatile compounds comprising a microporous and nanoporous polymeric material as claimed in claim 1.